

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XV, No. 47

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, April 19, 1928

Price: \$2.00 Per Year

United Church

Church School, 2.00 p.m.
THE LITTLE STAR
 "I cannot do much,"
 said a little star,
 "To make the dark world
 bright:
 "My silver beams cannot
 travel far
 Through the folding gloom
 of night,
 But I'm only a part of God's
 great plan
 And I'll cheerfully do the
 best I can."

Public Worship, 7.30 p.m.
 We are sorry that Miss Mabel
 Nix has had to postpone her
 visit. She will come to Em-
 press at a later date.

Every Sunday evening you
 are invited to worship with us,
 in that the Church's influence
 may reach as far as personality
 permits.

Sermon by the Minister.
 Choir will provide musical
 numbers as follows:

Opening hymn:
 Trio: Messrs. Rowley, Mc-
 Pherson and Whaley.
 Anthem.

Vesper.
 Rev. N. W. Whitmore,
 Minister

Have a Look

at these Bargains

Walnut - finish Panel
Bedstead, Good Ccl Springs,
Genuine Felt Mattresses.
\$27.00

30 x 31 Goodyear Cord
 Tire 6 65
 30 x 31 Goodyear Cord
 Tube 1 35

Northwest Barn Paint, Red
 per gallon 2 25
 Northwest House Paint,
 colors 3 25

11 Plate Car Battery, Rub-
 ber Case 10 95

The L. TUCKER
HARDWARE
 Service with a Smile

Mayfield Hall

Public worship will be con-
 ducted next Sunday morn-
 ing April 22, at 11 o'clock, by
 Rev. N. W. Whitmore. Soon a
 student minister will arrive. In
 the meantime let us enjoy an
 hour of worship an opportunity
 is provided. The children will
 not be overlooked. A welcome
 to all.

Leland Hall

We regretfully announce the
 postponement of Miss Nix's
 visit—we will enjoy her visit
 at some later date. We will
 still hold our afternoon service
 at 3 o'clock and all are invited
 to attend.

N. W. Whitmore, Minister.

Bring Good Quality Animals Into The District

Two first-class Aberdeen-
 Angus bulls have recently been
 brought into the district. C.
 A. Nickel has bought a First
 Prize Reserve Champion Aber-
 deen Angus Bull, (under 18
 months of age). Wm. Hurlbert
 also has purchased a Pure-Bred
 Aberdeen Angus Bull. Both
 of these beasts are high-class
 animals.

WANTED

Tenders For Road Grading

Tenders will be received by the Municipal
 District of Acadia, Acadia Valley,
 Alta., up to 12 o'clock noon, on Satur-
 day, May 19, 1928, for grading not less
 than 20 miles of road, a part of which
 will be re-grading. Roads to be graded
 to Government standard and contract
 completed by July 15th. The Municipality
 will supply one 12 ft. Adams
 Leaning Wheel Grader.

Tenders will be considered and contract
 let under either of the two following
 plans, or partly under each of them.
 Kindly submit prices under each plan.

1. For completed mile of new grade,
 and for completed mile of re-grade,
 contractor to supply all labor and
 material to and keep grade in good
 repair.

2. For travelled mile under loan, the
 Municipality to supply grader and
 keep grade in repair.

For particulars apply to the under-
 signed.

D. M. GRAHAM,
 Sec. Treas.

Warning to Farmers Regarding Seed Grain

Under adverse climatic con-
 ditions the Spring crop of
 seed is inevitable. A poor crop
 is inevitable. A less good strong
 seed is sown. Many farmers
 sold out all the grain they had
 threshed last Fall expecting to
 have more threshed shortly and
 save their seed from that. Un-
 favorable weather conditions
 prevented the sowing and certain
 districts now find themselves
 short of good seed.

To meet the needs thus de-
 veloping the Department of
 Agriculture has got into touch
 with firms handling grain and
 grain seed, including the Food,
 and these concerns are ready
 to ship seed to any point, pro-
 viding the demand is known.
 We would suggest that immedi-
 ately every farmer interested
 should make his wants known
 to the local elevator or through
 the U.F.A., or other Associ-
 ations.

A New Fertilizer

Edmonton, April 2.—Experi-
 ments with a new fertilizer
 known as "super-phosphate"
 which is obtained with increas-
 ing agricultural yields from 15
 to 25 per cent, will be carried
 out in various parts of Alberta
 under the direction of Hon.
 Geo. Hoadley, minister of ag-
 riculture.

The fertilizer is a metallic
 residue and is obtainable at the
 rate of about 1,000,000 tons a
 year from the Consolidated
 Smelter at Trail, B.C.

Among the points at which
 experiments will be carried out
 are Edmonton, Okla., Medicine
 Hat, Lethbridge, Hays, Glen-
 elden, Nohelford and Carleton
 place.

Different rates of application
 per acre of the phosphate will
 be made over a period of three
 years, during which time it will
 be possible to determine whether
 or the material has the fertiliz-
 ing value claimed.

Ordinary farm lands, quantities
 of 50 pounds an acre will be
 applied; while on selected
 plots, varying amounts, rang-
 ing from 25 to 100 pounds
 will be used. Charles Noble, of
 Nohelford, will experiment
 with a whole section of land.

Plans for the experiments
 are already well advanced.
 W. J. Stephen, field super-
 visor, is to keep track
 of the results.

H. Waterbury, who has been
 at the Empress Drug Store as
 a druggist, during the absence of
 W. Stotters, returned to Dachs,
 Wednesday.

R. M. Mantario

Minutes of meeting of Satur-
 day, April 7th, 1928. Cathbert,
 10 a.m. Present, Reeve, Walker,
 and a full council.

Accounts were examined by
 the finance committee before the
 meeting. Minutes of previous
 meeting read and confirmed on
 motion of A. G. Batty.

Monthly statement accepted
 and filed on motion of Ch. Haw-
 thorn. Accounts passed by fi-
 nance committee order of paid on
 motion of Ch. Kinch.

Sec. Treas., postage, etc. 8 35
 " expenses re audit. 12 00
 " re Conv. 47 11

J. Hammerhead eveners,
 for road mce. Div IV 9 00
 Alaska hosp. put. fees. 71 00
 " " 28 50
 " " 258 00
 O'Connor & Scott, hosp.
 agreements. 7 50
 Roads Div. III. mce. 20 00

402 90

R. McNally was present in
 connection with arrears of taxes
 on his unpatented land and
 made settlement of same.
 G. Stanley Smith was present
 in connection with arrears on
 his unpatented land; he pro-
 ceed to accept of abandonment
 Dec. 11, 1925. On motion of Ch.
 Hawthorn taxes levied since that
 date were ordered cancelled.
 Payment of \$50, on the other
 was accepted with an agree-
 ment to make settlement in
 full in the fall of the current
 year, and seizure which had
 been made was ordered to be re-
 leased.

A. Kolbe was present in con-
 nection with arrears of taxes
 on cancelled preemption a pay-
 ment of \$50 and an order tak-
 ing to pay at least another \$10
 this summer was accepted, and
 warrant to hold and not hold
 in abeyance for the time being
 was issued.
 W. J. Shouldice was present
 in connection with seizure made
 for arrears of taxes on his pre-
 ception; Mrs. Shouldice was
 also present claiming that the
 horses seized were the property
 of her father and were seized
 on her land and not on that of
 the ratepayer in arrears. The
 Secretary was ordered to refer
 this claim to the municipal se-
 lator, and in the meanwhile
 the council agreed to release
 the seizure on payment of \$200
 on account.

Report of the Convention
 was read by the official dele-
 gate and was ordered accepted,
 and filed on motion of the Reeve.
 Batty—That D. D. be paid on
 (cont. on back page)



BIRTHS

—To Mr and Mrs Henry
 Rinker, Cavendish, April 8th, a
 son.

—To Mr. and Mrs. Ray Karr,
 Acadia Valley, April 7th, a son.

—To Mr and Mrs S.W. East-
 in, Leduc, April 17, a daughter.

—To Mr and Mrs. Wilbur
 Davidson, Empress, April 17,
 a daughter.

—Mr and Mrs. Robert Mc-
 Mullen, Spangmeyer, a son.

Railway Construction

Is Now Progressing

Railway construction work is
 now once more in full swing.
 The steam shovel at Bates &
 Rogers Camp No. 1 is busy
 again and rapid strides are be-
 ing made. Unfortunately, the
 unseasonable weather is re-
 sponsible for bad roads be-
 tween Rosedale and the camp-
 down the river—Mail, Drum-
 heller.

Good Entertainment Country

To Attend and Dance

A good attendance of citizens
 from the south-west and north
 districts attended the show and
 dance on Tuesday night. The
 Bell Ringers were good enter-
 tainment and the dance a most
 enjoyable one. The concert
 selections were appreciated and
 Tom Wallace as floor manager
 kept the dance going merrily
 until 2.30 a.m.

A. McDiarmid arrived in
 town on Wednesday night.

Destruction Of Forests By Fire

Clearing land in Canada was
 once an industrial habit. East-
 ern Canada was a forest: the
 first thing to do was to clear the
 land, to grow wheat, potatoes
 and hay. The forest was the
 enemy to be routed. Today
 the people of Canada are awak-
 ening to the fact that the for-
 est that they once regarded as
 an enemy is Canada's second
 best asset, and furthermore
 that it is a rapidly disappear-
 ing asset.

White Pine was once the
 most commonly used lumber in
 the country, and a generation
 ago it was comparatively plen-
 tiful and cheap. Not so today.
 The original stands of white
 pine are nearly gone. For ex-
 ample, mill timber we now depend
 largely on spruce and fir. Sev-
 enty per cent, of the timber
 of Canada of saw-mill quality
 stands in British Columbia.
 Eastern Canada once a forest,
 is now buying lumber from the
 Pacific slope.

The accessible forests of Nor-
 thern Canada today are chiefly
 valuable as sources of spruce
 pulp for paper-making. How
 long they will last subjected to
 the present rate of exploitation
 plus the ravages of forest fire,
 has been calculated, and the re-
 sulting figure is not at all re-
 assuring. In twenty-five years
 unless Canada wakes up soon,
 her forest industries, her lum-
 ber mills and wood-working fac-
 tories, will be closed up. Be-
 cause her forests will be gone.

TON-MILE ECONOMY

*The Reason You Need
this CHEVROLET Truck!*

THE lowest Ton-Mile Cost in the
 world (that is, the lowest cost of
 transporting one ton for one mile, or
 its equivalent) is the one big reason
 why truck-users in all lines of business
 are choosing the Chevrolet Ton Truck.
 Added to this economy are amazing
 speed and dependability; exceptional
 performance, never before offered in a
 low-priced commercial car; rugged-
 ness, strength and modern design un-
 dreamed-of in a truck so low in price.

Whether you need a truck for fast delivery
 on city streets or for steady transportation of
 ton-loads over all sorts of roads... you
 can find the right type of vehicle available on
 the money-saving Chevrolet Ton-Truck
 Chassis. Ask your Chevrolet dealer.

TON TRUCK **CHASSIS** **COMMERCIAL**
 Chassis **\$470**
 Body and Cab Extra
 Roadster Delivery **\$685** Roadster Express **\$685**
 All Prices at Factory, Excludes Government Taxes and
 Spot Rate Extra.

CHEVROLET

General Motors of Canada,
 LIMITED

PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA, LIMITED

Build a Home FIRST

We have just received some of the Latest
PLAN BOOKS
 and we will be glad to give you one FREE.
 Call and get one and plan your Home with all the
 Latest Labor Saving Conveniences for the wife.
 We will be pleased to give you an
 estimate on your Building Material

The Empress Lumber Yards
 J. N. ANDERSON, prop. Phone '88

KODAK TIME
 Bright, Sunny Days are ideal for picture taking.
 We have the Kodaks — a representation of
 selective models.
 Kodaks, Films, Brownies and Photo Supplies
 Bring us your films for development.

EMPRESS DRUG CO.

AT SANDY'S

Red Back Overalls
 of the good quality that you
 get from Sandy's

Work Shirts
 large and roomy. Just the
 kind you are needing

Work Shoes
 Reliable and strong. A make
 that we stand behind for serv-
 ice. See us for your Spring
 needs.

Work Gloves, Hats and Caps
 Order that Spring Suit, Now!

Agent for Semi-ready Clothing

"SANDY"

The Jeweler and Clothier

PLL SAY

EVERY KNOCK
 IS A
BOOST
 So enjoy yourselves
 and I'll

Sell the
 Cars

N. D. Storey
 Office: Peter's Building

Dr. Seager Wheeler Tells About Development Of A New Rust-Resisting Wheat

In further explanation of his development of a new wheat from the Kotsa strain, which promises to be rust resistant to a degree not approached by any other wheat, Dr. Seager Wheeler, of Hothorn, has issued a statement on his experiments. He says he started with the Kotsa type which is famous for its rust resistant qualities, but is also noted for a weak straw and poor milling quality. This variety of wheat is also one of the hardest of type. In 1923 Dr. Wheeler found that among his plots of Kotsa wheat were two heads of the beardless class, although positive that it would have been impossible for any other class of wheat seed to have become mixed with this plot.

Believing that, by that accident of nature, the natural cross, that he had something new, Dr. Wheeler kept these two heads separate and sowed the seeds in a separate plot. The seeds in 1924, in making the mixture harvest of his plots, he noticed that the product of this new experiment plot had broken up into several distinct forms of types, each different from one another, but only noticeable to one who had spent years in the wheat study.

Each of these different strains was planted in separate plots in 1925, which again divided, and at the end of the year Dr. Wheeler had again about 60 different varieties of his original product, derived from his two heads. Many of these seeds had apparently not been affected by the rust of 1925.

The following year, 1926, there was practically no rust, consequently experiments carried on in this year could not demonstrate the ability to fight this enemy of the farmer. However, it was shown that the mixture was similar to that of Kotsa, with beautiful heads; with straw or a much stronger description and whose milling qualities were much superior to that of the original strain had been developed.

Not content with this, Dr. Wheeler again carried on his experiments last year, and it is as a result of these, carried on in one of the worst rust years of the district, that Dr. Wheeler was able to announce definite results, he said.

Sowing about 80 selections of his original strain, he found that the seeds taken from these Kotsa plots were more successful in warding off the damaging attacks of rust. On all sides (for the experimental plots of this winter extend over 100 acres) were plots of other types of wheat that he was testing. All of these showed the wheat to be rust only in the stalk, but also in the churken seeds. This new type or types developed by him since 1923, showed but little or no rust spots of rust were seen on the leaves but the seeds were fully developed and not damaged in the least, he said.

When questioned in regard to the future of this wheat, Dr. Wheeler said that he intended continuing his experiments, and believed that by careful selection and observation he would soon be able to give to the world a wheat that although not guaranteed against rust, would be no little effected by it that the damage could be discounted.

Dr. Wheeler pointed out that he was not announcing that he had a wheat that was immune from rust attacks. He mentioned that in the past others had announced that they had a wheat of this type, consequently disappointing those whose livelihood depended on their crops when proved a failure. "What I do say is that I have a wheat which I confidently expect will prove sufficiently rust resistant to greatly lessen the danger of loss by rust."

Dr. Wheeler has been growing and experimenting with wheat in Saskatchewan for the past 40 years, in addition to developing such an early variety as Red Bolla, and carrying on endless experiments in all cereals. Dr. Wheeler has an orchard and on his small farm three miles east of Hothorn, in which he grows practically all types of fruit with the exception of those which only survive in tropical countries.

Experiments with Kotsa wheat to develop a rust resistant type are being carried on by Maynard M. Brown, head of the University of Saskatchewan, also at Ottawa and in rust research bureaus at Winnipeg and elsewhere. Professor Brown stated that some of the selections being experimented with at the University show fair promise of proving of value to grain raising.

W. N. U. 1296

Grain Mixtures For Hogs

Several Grain Mixtures For Hogs Of Different Ages

A number of experiments in feeding hogs have been conducted at the Napier, Nova Scotia, Experimental Station. Based on observations made during these tests, the superintendent recommends several grain mixtures for hogs of different ages. From weaning time to three months of age, add or bulk out one part, middlings 1 part, and 5 per cent. of oil meal may be profitably added. For hogs from three to five months old, add 2 parts, shorts 2 parts, barley 1 part, bran 1 part and oil meal 3 per cent. For summer feeding hogs of this age when on green feed the grain mixture might be oats 2 parts, shorts 2 parts and barley 2 parts. For the finishing period a good grain mixture is oats 2 parts, barley 2 parts, and shorts 1 part with 5 per cent. of oil meal. In all these ratios the grains should be finely ground.

Icelanders Are Now Cultivating Soil

People Just Recently Have Become Interested In Farming

Icelandic agriculture is entering a new phase. Rational cultivation of the land is now a national goal, and the people there are little cultivation of the soil.

The surroundings of Reykjavik are a striking example. Little by little, a change has gone on for five years. Hogs have been changed into green meadows, and all kinds of agricultural experiments have been undertaken with great success.

Things that Icelanders themselves had sworn would never be able to grow, there wonderfully well.

Revenue From School Lands

Nearly Two Million Dollars Collected By Federal Government In Saskatchewan Last Year

Revenues from Dominion and school lands in Saskatchewan during the fiscal year 1925-26 amounted to nearly \$2,000,000, according to a report of the Federal Department of the Interior. Revenues originating in the province, chiefly through agencies at Prince Albert and Moose Jaw, amounted to \$854,219 in Dominion lands, Crown timber, forestry, water power and reclamation, mining and national parks. School lands revenue amounted to \$955,228.

Had Heavy Debt

The boss was tired of being constantly importuned by one of the workers for the next week's salary, and finally said:

"Now, you're the limit. Say, what would you do if you had all the money in the world?"

"Well, ah," replied Mose, studiously, "I don't think Ah would be able to pay all my debts—so Ah'd like to go."

Homesteads Covering 54 Years

According to the Department of the Interior, 473,052 homestead entries were made between May 1873 and March 1927. In the last fiscal year, 5,700 homestead entries were granted. Of these 1,819 were made by residents of various provinces of Canada; 874 by persons from the United States and 662 by persons from the British Isles.

School Smartness For The Young Girl

The frock illustrated gives you an idea how smart a school frock can be when made from flannel, with just the right touch of coloring and trim used for collar, cuffs and belt. There is an inverted plait at each side of the skirt front, and the back is plain. The narrow belt fastens with a button at each end. The long sleeves are gathered to cuff bands. No. 1397 is in sizes 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Price \$5.00. Pattern 215, 29-inch material, and 1/2 yard contrast—contrast the pattern.

Many styles of smart apparel may be found in our Pattern Book. The long designers originate their patterns in the heart of the style center, and their creations are those of tested popularity, brought within the means of the average woman. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 115 McLeod Street, Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Address

City

State

Country

Phone

Box

Post Office

Zip

Day

Month

Year

Mining in the West

Tale Deposits in Alberta Are to be Developed

"Manitoba is rapidly rising in importance as a mining province," H. B. Lundson, chairman of the mining bureau of the Winnipeg board of trade and director of the industrial development board of Manitoba, remarked in Montreal recently, on his way to the annual meeting of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, which was opened at Quebec. "In fact, the public as a whole is little realization of the strides being made by Manitoba in directions other than agriculture—and especially in mining," continued Mr. Lundson.

An important present development in the west, mentioned by Mr. Lundson as shortly to materialize, is in connection with large deposits of tale, both of the blue and white variety, in Alberta, about 18 miles from Banff, the blue was quite rare, he said, and was used chiefly in the making of electrical insulators and gas burners, while the white, which was very pure in the region referred to, was the raw material for face powders.

A Remarkable Cow

Wetaskiwin District The Home Of Record Breaking Shorthorn

Wetaskiwin district has the distinction of being the home of a Shorthorn cow which holds the record for all hands in the production of milk and butter for a three-year-old. The cow, owned by J. O. Harvey in the north-western part of the city of Wetaskiwin, and a letter from Ottawa advises that the production of this cow has never been equalled in Canada. Gladys No. 20659 produced 10,501 lbs. of milk and 560 lbs. of butter fat in a test extending over 365 days. She is now undergoing her test as a four-year-old and is averaging about 68 lbs. of milk a day.

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Pattern No. Size

Name

Address

City

State

Country

Phone

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Post Office

Zip

Day

Month

Year

Feeding Young Turkeys

Must Not Be Fed At All Until 48 Hours Old

Some good advice on the feeding of poults is given in a Dominion Experimental Farm bulletin on turkeys. According to the bulletin, the baby turkeys should not be fed at all until they are at least 48 hours old, and even sixty hours without food is not too long. The first feed, given in the morning, should be chick size oyster shell scattered on a small board, and sour milk. Towards the end of the afternoon they should be given some hard boiled eggs chopped fine. Regular feeding should be started the next morning with hard boiled eggs and bread crumbs mixed together, and given three times daily. After one week the egg may be gradually discontinued and the feed consist of bread alone. After the second week a little moist shorts are added, discontinuing the crumbs until the shorts alone are used. All these changes should be made gradually. Sour milk and oyster shell should be given daily from the start. Never ever feed anything that has been used for previous feeding. As the poults grow they will travel over a wider range until very little feeding is necessary. The bulletin, which deals with the care and management of turkeys, may be obtained from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Growing Flax For Fibre

May Be Harvested By Cutting Instead Of Pulling

The slow progress that has been made in the growing of flax in Canada is due to a number of causes. One of the most considerable extent to the old idea that the flax plants have to be harvested by pulling. Experiments in harvesting at the Experimental Farm at Ottawa indicate that flax that is harvested by cutting can be made into a high grade tow. By harvesting the crop in this way one of the most expensive items of culture is largely overcome. The significance of this conclusion is that flax may be grown over a wide area of Canada and not confined as it has been largely in the past to districts where Indian labor may be secured cheaply to pull the crop.

Ranching In B.C.

Cattle Ranching Said To Be Getting Back To Its Old Stride

The cattle ranching business in British Columbia is getting back into its old stride and the future of the industry is bright in the opinion of C. G. Cowan who, in addition to his own extensive interests in cattle ranches in Cariboo, is agent for the Marquis of Esher and Lord Epsom of Sutton. Arrangements are being made to carry several thousand additional head of cattle, while 3,000 sheep are to be introduced from the abundance of high winds. Mr. Cowan estimates his companies will at least \$200,000 into purchases of additional stock.

Meat For Belgium

A market is being found for the carcasses of the Oldenburg, which are rounded up in the hundreds by the Government. A Batle, Montana, meat firm is taking 700 of them, to be slaughtered at Batle, it is said, and the hams piled up to Belgium.

Slogan for suppressing a Latin-American revolution: "Shoot the generals and you shoot all."

Getting Out A Paper

Getting out a paper is no picnic. If we print jobs, folks say we are silly. If we don't, they say we are too serious.

If we publish original matter, they say we lack variety.

If we publish things from other papers, we are too lazy to write.

If we are rustling news, we are not attending to business in our own department.

If we don't print contributions, we don't show proper appreciation.

If we refuse to print them, the paper is filled with junk.

Like as not some fellow will say we polluted this news after paper.

We did and we thank him.—Dental Craftsman.

Up to the end of December, 1927, the total wheat exports from Canada for the preceding five months amounted to 141,311,550 bushels valued at \$25,428,000 as compared with 129,515,135 bushels valued at \$19,246,019 for the same period in 1926.

"Tape measures rolled in a bolt of cloth now tell salesmen how much cloth remains in the bolt."

Canada Spends Huge Sums In Construction And Maintenance Of Good Roads Coast To Coast

New Park Endorses Forty Townships

Price Albert Park In Northern Saskatchewan A Land of Varied Beauty

Approximately forty townships are enclosed by the boundaries of Saskatchewan's new National Park. In square miles the area is slightly more than 1,400, which makes the park comparable in size to Glenside National Park in the United States. Prince Albert Park, as it has been called, lies no more than 30 miles north and northwest of the city of Prince Albert, which is on the line of the Canadian National Railway, and is easily accessible from Saskatoon, Regina and other large centres.

Surrounding, as it does, three large lakes, the park is a beautiful scene. Big Trout—taking in many smaller ones and extending for miles along the eastern shore of Montreal Lake. The park is a land of varied beauty. The waters, which team with fish, are beautiful and clear and are edged, in many spots, with clean white sandy beaches. All the lakes are connected by streams which makes it possible for the vacationist to wander for days by canoe or motor boat. The forest is a mixture of evergreens, pine, spruce, tamarack, poplar and birch.

In its present it fulfills the objective of the parks branch of the Dominion Department of the Interior—the permanent preservation of outstanding beauty in its natural condition; conservation of plant and tree life from commercial exploitation; and the preservation of game. The new park provides and protects a large area of Saskatchewan's best forest and lake country, and the road development which has been planned will make its farthest corners accessible to those seeking health, recreation and data for scientific studies.

Yukon's Healthful Climate

Is Most Delightful From May To October

The climate of the Yukon Territory, Canada, is characterized by extremes in temperature and a very moderate precipitation. There is no more delightful climate than that which prevails from May 1 to October 1. The continuous light for the whole twenty-four hours, during the period from the middle of May to the first week in August, although anticipated, is a source of delight and wonder to the visitor. While the winters are long and cold, on account of the absence of high winds and the dryness of the atmosphere, the low temperatures are borne with less discomfort than in other parts not so favored.

Prairie Grown Fruit

Experiments With Different Varieties Of Fruits Meeting Success

Efforts to produce by cross-pollination different varieties of fruit which will be "comfortable" on the prairie Province farms, are meeting with an increasing measure of success, according to the superintendent of the Dominion Experimental Farm at Morden. Fruit plantations bearing well-flavored yields will soon be the rule instead of the exception, he said.

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Like as not some fellow will say we polluted this news after paper.

We did and we thank him.—Dental Craftsman.

Up to the end of December, 1927, the total wheat exports from Canada for the preceding five months amounted to 141,311,550 bushels valued at \$25,428,000 as compared with 129,515,135 bushels valued at \$19,246,019 for the same period in 1926.

"Tape measures rolled in a bolt of cloth now tell salesmen how much cloth remains in the bolt."

There are now in Canada more than 150,000 miles of improved roads that are kept in good condition during the touring season, and in some districts during the winter months as well. In addition there are thousands of miles of roads of low cost types that are suitable for motor traffic. The construction and maintenance of all these roads have cost the Canadian an enormous sum of money. Highway improvement projects undertaken in co-operation by the Dominion Government and Provincial Governments under the Canada Highway Act of 1917 covered only 8,688 miles of the total road mileage of the country. Yet they involved a total investment of almost \$40,000,000, of which the Dominion undertook to pay \$19,500,000, and had paid \$15,775,000 up to the end of March, 1927. Expenditures for road construction and maintenance throughout the Dominion amounted in the year 1926 to \$45,000,000, of which almost \$16,000,000 represented the cost of upkeep. Furthermore, there is reason to believe that expenditures of the kind will continue.

The Canadian people's investment in good roads has facilitated travel between centres of population throughout the Dominion. It has undoubtedly had an influence upon social and business conditions of all parts of the country. It has afforded new means of access to the summer holiday grounds and to the most beautiful scenery of the land. These advantages the expenditures on highways have procured for the Canadian people. Those expenditures have also helped to bring the population of the Dominion closer to the United States. In 1927, 5,153,580 touring motor cars came into Canada from the United States. The travellers in those cars, it is estimated, spent \$27,358,150 in this country, as compared with \$203,197,820 that tourists of the kind disclosed here in 1926. In 1927 Canadians visited the United States in 150,929 cars and spent there a total of \$760,000,000. It is estimated that in that year Canada showed a favorable balance of \$200,000,000 in tourist trade.

The influx of tourists from the United States was beneficial to the country in more than one way. The tourists brought in travelling expenditures in Canada, and in that way put money into circulation here. Under the tariff law of the United States, it must be remembered, each tourist was permitted to carry home with him, free of customs duties, goods to the value of \$100 that were bought in Canada. Many of the tourists availed themselves of this provision of their country's law, and so contributed to the volume of business done last year by Canadian traders. Furthermore, it is probable that many of the tourists helped on their return home to advertise Canadian attractions as a summer resort, its resources and the opportunities it offers for the investment of capital.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Couldn't Help It

"So your name is George Washington?" the old lady asked the small colored boy.

"Yesum."

"And do you try to be exactly like him, or as nearly as possible?"

"Luk Wuh?"

"Why, like George Washington?"

"Ah him help bring lak Jamb Washington, cause dat's who Ah is!"

A Dairy Province

Alberta was rapidly becoming a dairying province in the last few years. In 1927 her production in this department was valued at \$20,750,000, of which \$5,450,000 came from 6,645,000 pounds of creamery butter and \$161,500 from 849,000 pounds of cheese, the latter being a comparatively new industry.

Must Appear Ridiculous Like This

"Oh, no. It shows that you will be very useful for cleaning the floors."

—Purses Gals, Yverdon.

Winning War Against Disease

Science Is Slowly But Surely Finding Remedies Curative and Preventive

Gradually but very effectively science is triumphing over one of the diseases that assail the human race. One after another, as the result of unrelenting search, they give up their secrets and yield to the applied remedies, curative and preventive. According to the International Health Board of the Rockefeller Foundation, the hookworm disease has almost disappeared from the United States and is rapidly coming under control in many other parts of the world.

Malaria is another ailment that is surrendering to the vigilance of science. Formerly most persons supposed that malaria was contracted from the miasma damps that rose from moist and swampy places, as in the case of yellow fever, transmission of the disease has been traced to a single type of mosquito which is active in certain seasons and has preferential breeding places. By concentrating on the destruction of that mosquito, control of malaria is being effected, not only in malarial populated cities, but in sparsely settled areas as well.

Last year the international board participated in public health work in eighty-eight states and nations. Aid also to governments is given by sending trained experts to assist in putting public health plans on a scientific basis, but even more is helping governments establish their own public health services and training their staffs to carry on the essential tasks. Throughout the world the battle against disease is being fought with trained intelligence by thousands of individuals and agencies and better results are being obtained year by year.

Request Came From Mexico

Sir Henry Thornton's Visit To Republic He Explained

The documents relating to the loan of Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railways, to Mexico to make a survey of Mexican railway conditions, have been tabled in the Commons.

These show that the first request came from the Mexican ambassador to Washington, Senor Manuel Cretz to Hon. Viscount Massey, Canadian minister in the United States capital. The Mexican government desired the services of Sir Henry to make a survey of the organization of the Mexican railway lines and as the assistant of the Canadian government was necessary Hon. Mr. Massey was asked to use his good offices with the Canadian government with a view to securing leave of absence for Sir Henry for this purpose.

The communications were passed on to the Minister of Railways, Hon. C. A. Dunning, and leave of absence was given.

Was Some Error

An American gentleman has a curious hobby, that of collecting typographical errors. One of the most amusing he has ever encountered occurred in a New York paper which he used to print its shipping news on the same page as the obituaries. One morning, however, the titles of these columns became transposed, with the result that a long list of eminently respectable names appeared under the sunny heading, "Passed Through Hell Gate Yesterday."

Mototorist: "I say, will five shillings pay for this wretched hen which I've just run over?"

Brooder: "You'd better make it ten shillings. I have a rooster that thought a lot of that hen and the shock might kill him, too."

"Sings in Stones," says a jeweler's ad.

"The Prisoner's Song," perhaps.



"It is healthy to be poor!" "How so?" "Look at the contagion from Hungary, a lot of dirty money!"—Fudge Gales, Yverdon.

Had a Guilty Conscience

Man Who Accepted Saint John Goods Over 40 Years Ago, Now Makes Institution

The Canadian treasury was enriched by \$80 because a man's conscience bothered him over a deed committed during the North West Rebellion nearly half a century ago. A letter to Hon. James A. Robb, minister of finance, containing the money in United States currency was signed "A. Nunn" and bore a Toronto postmark.

The letter said: "In the Canadian North West rebellion of 1885 a fellow soldier of mine, a man of my own age, was taken prisoner by the government forces and gave me five of them. A receiver is as bad as a thief and this thing has been on my conscience a lot and I wish to get rid of it before I die. I don't know what heaver skins were worth up there at that time, but say \$5 apiece. This would be \$25 for the skins. Then interest for 42½ years at six per cent. would be \$62.75, in all \$87.75. I enclose in this letter ninety dollars, which I hope will discharge this claim in full.

"If you put a piece in the paper I will know you received the money all right."

Where White Mica Is Found

Deposits Found From Labrador To British Columbia

Occurrences in Canada of white mica or muscovite, some few of which have been worked at different times, are known from Labrador in the east to British Columbia in the west. Arctic expeditions have brought back good samples from the Foulton River, the most important white mica deposits are those of the Saguenay District, on the lower St. Lawrence, in the province of Quebec. Other deposits occur north of Burlington, Quebec, and at several places in Ontario and British Columbia. Deposits in the latter province are also found in Quebec and Manitoba.

The third business man came home after a long absence from the office, tired and exhausted. He was the first to be greeted by his wife. "What a lovely dinner," she said. "The business man bowed his head to ask the blessing, and all was quiet."

"This is Mr. Jones speaking," he began.

Queen Victoria, who ruled from 1837 to 1901, had the longest reign of any English monarch.

Hubbard (in car): Great heavens! the engine is terribly overworked!

Wife (calmly): Then why don't you turn off the radiator?

Mental Deficiency Problem

British Columbia Would Deal With Matter in an Educational Way

Based on the belief that the problem is educational rather than medical, a constructive programme to deal with the question of mental deficiency through early diagnosis and special training was placed before the legislature by the British Columbia Mental Hygiene Commission. Its proposals along this line were the chief feature of the commission's final report, filed in the legislature by Hon. T. D. Pattullo, provincial secretary after an investigation extending more than two years. It declared that the problem could be best met by diagnosis of mental defectives when they are young and by giving them special training, first in special classes and later in special schools.

Trained according to individual needs, and supervised to some measure after the completion of their training, the majority would give little trouble to society, the commission believed.

Universal establishment of a provincial training school was suggested. Establishment of a psychopathic hospital in Vancouver and acceptance by the government of the offer of the Canadian National Council for Mental Hygiene to contribute \$25,000 annually for five years for insanity research at the University of British Columbia provided the province would donate a like amount was also urged.

Farm Land Values Increase

Land Values in Parts Of Alberta Have Increased From 10 to 20 Per Cent.

Farm land values in the Province of Alberta have advanced in the past year by reason of the excellent crops produced. Since June, 1927, it is estimated land values in some of the districts have increased on an average of ten per cent, while in districts where crops have been exceptionally good and the number of new settlers large, the increase has amounted to 20 per cent. This is particularly true of the Peace River District where, by reason of good farms, reasonably close to transportation, has increased more than in any other part of Alberta.

Ambition is a longing a lot of people have for a more pleasant place in which to do nothing.

It's awfully hard for a messenger boy to get the run of his business.

Contradicts General Idea

Enlightened Animal Trainers Says Donkeys Are Not Stupid

To say "Stupid as an ass," or similar expressions, is a great insult, according to Joseph Porter, an English animal trainer. In an article in the London Daily Express, he says, have extremely sensitive natures, and ill-treatment dulls their wits and makes them appear stupid.

Mr. Porter's famous donkey, Jack, who is now dead, was more clever than all the ponies, horses, goats and others that comprised his menagerie. Jack could add up figures correctly, play a hand of whist and never lose, wrestle with a man and throw him, and do many tricks which a horse, credited with superior intelligence, could not do.

"The secret of training animals rests in the one word kindness. Nothing can be done by cruelty. Gain the animal's confidence and love, and he will do anything you want him to do," said Mr. Porter.

Misprints in the Bible

Different Mistakes Have Been Found in Certain Editions

Though Biblical misprints are few, they are not unknown. One of the most renowned is that in the "Wig Bible, in which the benediction reads, "Blessed are the peace makers." The latest Biblical misprint is one recently discovered by the Rev. R. M. Gore-Dore, of Beckenhamstead, Buckinghamshire. In a large lettering Bible, he stated the words "Gird up your loins," in 2 Kings, ix, 1, as "Gird up your loins." The misprint reads "Gird up your loins." The printer said, if anyone could find a misprint in a Bible he would be given a guinea. It is said that there are very few applications for the reward—only about one a year—though ten applications in one year.

Large Lead Producer

Approximately 94 per cent of Canada's output of lead and 92 per cent of the zinc comes from British Columbia; the remaining 6 per cent, of lead originating in Ontario, the Yukon, and Quebec, and about 8 per cent of the zinc in Quebec.

"Briton Foresees Generation That Will Never Get Out Of Bed"—Headline. It will differ radically from the present younger generation, which never goes there.

Unhappy lies the head that wears a marble wave.

ROUYN LAKE AREA MAPPED

Usefulness Of the Aeroplane Overshadowing Its Romance

In Canada, the "flying machine" is playing an active part in the development of our newly-opened country. So intimately is it connected with such development that it is practically accepted as a matter of course that the romance formerly associated with it is more and more becoming overshadowed in the public mind by its usefulness. One of the most vital uses is in mapping regions otherwise difficult of access. In this work the eye of the aeroplane is the camera, specially fitted to the plane and equipped to take photographs of the terrain below. These photographs, with a minimum amount of ground surveying as control, supply the detail for the finished maps.

They have been made use of in the Rouyn Lake map sheet just issued by the Topographical Survey of Canada. This map supplements the Rouyn-Lake Lake sheet issued several months ago, and covers the area immediately to the west. The aerial photographs were taken in cooperation with the Royal Canadian Air Force and the ground survey in cooperation with the Geological Survey of Canada and provincial surveying departments of Quebec.

The country represented on the Rouyn Lake map sheet falls within the mineral belt and extends about 20 miles easterly from the town of Rouyn. Being more or less a flat region with innumerable waterways and fairly large lakes, motorists can ply their wheels without interruption for long distances almost anywhere. On the Kingoie River, which is shown on the map, there are several small boats can be seen on one day from Rouyn to Villeneuve on the Canadian National Railways main line immediately west of the sheet on the north.

A branch line from the shore railway at Taschereau connects with the main line and continues beyond Swallow in Ontario on the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway. This line serves the northwest portion of the district. The main easterly portion is served by steamers and motor boats which run from Amos on the Canadian National Railway southward through the Harricana River and La Motte Lake system. It is agricultural country and is also accessible from the railway by both main and secondary roads. The waters above mentioned have been dredged where necessary and a trunk way constructed over the hills of land to the west thus making a connection with the Kawagawa Lake and Kingston River.

Here and there mining operations are in progress and lumbering is carried on to some extent. These with agriculture constitute the industries of the region.

What People Need Most

Is To Be Told Importance Of Behaving Better

The other day I encountered a man passing from the coast to Montreal, and wondered what specialty I would add should I conclude it was my duty to travel about preaching. I decided I would preach the importance of everyone behaving better, and say nothing about general sin. The people who are constantly hearing criticism are themselves ill-behaved, the great sermon is individual reform. So far as I am impatient with the churches it is because they have the opportunity to preach the only great sermon, and neglect it. I should dread to run the risk of being called a hypocrite because of righteousness. Everyone admires a well-behaved, effective man. Look over the leading men of your community. They are not as well-behaved as they should be, but they are higher than the average of those less successful and important in community affairs.

Canada's Butter Imports

Between April 1, 1927, and January, 1928, 33,872 pounds of Australian butter entered Canada for consumption, according to figures given in the House of Commons. It was also stated that 4,500,000 pounds of butter entered Canada from New Zealand during the calendar year 1927 and 885,000 pounds of mutton entered Canada from Australia during the same period.

Demonstration Highways

Arrangements are being made by the 75,000 yards of demonstration pavement in the "prairie provinces" with Alberta blumistic sands this year. It is expected that a large number of these roads will be used for this purpose in the future as a result of these demonstration highways.

An elephant's bath requires 150 pounds of soap and more than \$100 worth of the purest Indian oil.

Counting Heads In Jasper Park

Big Game Population of Sanctuary Estimated at Thirty Thousand

In the ordinary sense of the word, taking the census is an easy and prosaic business. But it is not quite so trite in Jasper National Park, which is a wild animal sanctuary five miles square miles in area. A man can hardly go a grizzly bear and say: "Good morning, A. I'm taking the census. How many you there in your anthy? If the census-taker does that there is liable to be one less in his own family. Of course the animals are not all as careless in their treatment of stray humans as the grizzlies, but it isn't any easier to keep track of the high sleeping sheep and the swift-running caribou.

In spite of all handicaps, the wardens have been able to get a very good estimate of the inhabitants of Jasper, however. Rocky Mountain sheep and mule deer head the list, they say, with ten thousand head each. There are between two and three thousand goats; between one thousand and two thousand caribou; about sixteen hundred moose; one thousand elk; between one hundred and fifty and three hundred grizzlies, and about two thousand black and cinnamon bears. Beaver are plentiful and there are great numbers of otters, fishers, martins, mink, muskrat, and porcupine. Figures for these small animals are not available, but, if they are not included, Jasper's animal residents go beyond thirty thousand in number, and that is a conservative estimate.

A few years ago, some of Canada's finest animals, such as the bison, were almost extinct, but the national parks were created and the animals are secure for ever. Jasper is the last national park in Canada, the last national park for many of them, the educational value of the game preserve is great, and, apart from education, there is much to be gained in hunting on a lordly mountain range standing in the road with head up, watching the animals as they thrill in coming up a beautiful deer descending off in the woods. Travellers in Jasper have remarked the tanning effect of the sun on the mountains and on the wild animals and have been amazed how close they could come to the bears and even the very shy animals, such as the deer and the sheep. That is something to be desired, everyone will agree, especially the hunters. The photographer is the only hunter allowed to shoot and many beautiful trophies are "brought down" every season by the camera.

Nurse Crops For Alfalfa

Has Proven To Be a Profitable Practice

At the Brandon, Manitoba, Experimental Farm, the use of a nurse crop when seeding down alfalfa has proved to be a profitable practice. On account of the fact that it produces little shade under a shallow root system, it makes an excellent nurse crop, but any of the common cereals may be used if care is taken to seed at a lower rate.

Berley has proven to be the least desirable cereal to use for this purpose. In his annual report, the superintendent of the farm states that a nurse crop with alfalfa is advisable because it provides a cash crop the year of seeding down, and tends to check the development of weeds. The stubble also serves as a protection to the newly seeded crop by holding the snow during the winter.

He: I dreamed last night that I crushed you in my arms. What is that a sign of?

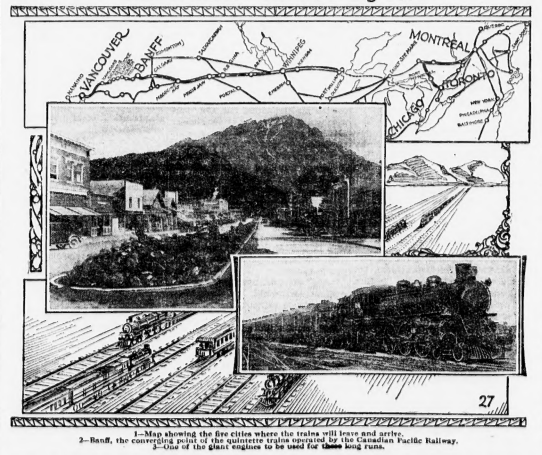
She: It's a sign that you've got more sense when you're asleep than when you're awake.

A chemist says that the first alcohol distilled was Arabian, which may account for those nights.



"There will be company for dinner tonight." "Cook: 'Very good, madam. Do you want to come again or not?'"—Horn Thumbe, Ashland.

The Canadian Pacific's Big Five



When the Big Five, the quietest of train lines to be operated by the Canadian Pacific Railway on express schedules from the east of Canada and from Chicago this coming summer to the coast, make their final run, the dramatic spectacle will be presented duty of five great train journeys across the Dominion and all covering on the wonder district of the American continent, the Canadian Rockies, where more-captivated mountain peaks and beautiful valleys and lakes vie with one another in attracting visitors from all parts of the United States and the rest of the world.

The key train of the quintette will be the "Trans-Canada" which will take two others, "The Imperial" and the "Trans-Vancouver" express, will have their runs entirely in Canadian territory. The balance of the five, "The Mountaineer" and "The Soo-Pacific" will leave from Chicago for the Canadian Rockies and the Pacific Coast and will consequently run partly through the United States. The "Trans-Canada" and the "Mountaineer" are all sleeping car trains.

The "Trans-Canada" with a reputation throughout the world covers the 2,885 miles between Montreal and Vancouver in 89 hours and 15 minutes. As part of its equipment it carries an open observation car between Calgary and Kamloops. This train starts on May 12. "The Imperial" and "The Trans-Vancouver" express, operating from the coast to Montreal and Toronto respectively, are for both year round trains except for modified schedule. Finally, there will be "The Mountaineer" and "The Soo-Pacific" running out of Chicago for Vancouver, B.C. The former will start its daily run to Vancouver on June 11 and the train will commence operation from the coast to Chicago on June 11. In this run ten hours will be cut off last year's figure, the train taking 73 hours as against 83 hours and fifteen minutes last year. The "Soo-Pacific" will leave Chicago on June 25 until August 30, and from July 2 until August 30 in the opposite direction. Both the latter two trains consist of all sleeping cars.

Assisted Passages for British Subjects

If you live in them, your relatives and friends may obtain the low ocean rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ reduced rate of fare, and FREE transportation of children under 17, providing they are placed on or leave of domestic.

Ask at once for details of the British Nomination Scheme from any of our offices or agents

Canadian Service and Anchor-Donor Lines

HATTON
EMPIRE
VICTORIA
CANADA
EMPIRE
MONTREAL
SARATOGA
CANADA
EMPIRE
QUEBEC
EMPIRE
MONTREAL

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Victoria City council voted to adopt daylight saving from April 15 to Sept. 1.

Senator Isaac Dandurand, government leader, has returned from Geneva, where he went as a member of the council of the League of Nations.

Tourist traffic brought Alberta a revenue of \$300,000,000 last year, so Hon. R. G. Reid, provincial treasurer, states in his annual budget report.

The sale of Christmas seals last December brought to the aid of the fight against tuberculosis in Canada over \$84,000.

Captain Geoffrey de Havilland, aircraft designer, making a flight to test a device intended to prevent a plane from crashing, crashed, but escaped serious injury.

King George has approved the appointment of Field Marshal Sir William Robertson, commander of the Royal Horse Guards (The Blues) in succession to the late Field Marshal Haig.

The bill providing for the establishment of diplomatic relations with Canada and the creation of a French legation in Ottawa, Canada, has been adopted by the French Chamber of Deputies and now goes to the senate.

During February 11 new branches of Canadian chartered banks were opened throughout the Dominion. Of these eight were located in the three prairie provinces, the Bank of Nova Scotia opened branches at Galtby and Bonningdale, Sask., while the Bank of Montreal and the Bank of Commerce opened new offices in The Pas mining district.

The BABY

No mother in this enlightened age would give her baby anything else did not know was really best for the baby, especially when a few drops of plain Castoria will right the baby's stomach and end almost any little trouble. No fretful and feverish baby means no rest for the mother.

That's the beauty of Castoria; its gentle influence means just what is needed. It does all that doctor or mother cannot accomplish, without the system. Without the evil taste. Its delicate action is so often as there's a sign of colic, constipation, diarrhea, or need to aid sound, natural sleep.

Just one warning: it is genuine Fletcher's Castoria, that physicians recommend. Other preparations may be just as free from all doubtful drugs, but no child of this writer's is going to them. Besides the box on care and feeding of babies that comes with Fletcher's Castoria is worth its weight in gold.

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Children Cry for

Fletcher's CASTORIA

VALUABLE LANDS DISCOVERED

Fresh Resources Are Unveiled By Recent Surveys In North

Each year in Canada surveys are pushed farther into the hinterland and each advance discloses valuable resources of which citizens had not previously been aware. The Peace River District has been popularly thought of as the last "inland empire" in that direction, but an engineer of the Topographical Survey of the Department of the Interior during the summer of 1927 penetrated west and north of the outermost edge of Peace River and found a land of fertile grassy hills of rolling upland plateau upon which roam flocks of Rocky Mountain goats and high sheep and herds of caribou, and where the grizzly bear takes his ease with dignity. The country is drained by clear, cold, fish-teeming rivers and streams which have their rise in the glaciers of the main range of the Rockies to the west.

The investigations of the exploratory party extended in general over an area 50 miles west and 175 miles north of Hudson Hope, or roughly between latitudes 56 degrees and 60 degrees and longitudes 122 degrees and 124 degrees. Fifteen years ago the south-eastern corner of this country, the nearest point to civilization, lay distant from Edmonton a six weeks' journey of hard travelling. Now, with improved rail and steamboat facilities, it can be reached in summer in as many days. The scenery of this area was first touched in 1793 by Sir Alexander Mackenzie during his famous overland journey to the Pacific. Later on the more accessible portions of the Peace and Fishy rivers have been explored. As a result of the season's work of last year of about 10,000 square miles of new territory was covered and information obtained for the issue of a preliminary map.

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CANADIAN NATIONALITY

Would Give Official Recognition To A Canadian Race

The public will await with keen interest the debate and the decision of the Canadian House of Commons on the bill introduced by Dr. Bisset of Springfield, to establish a Canadian nationality and a Canadian race. Certain provisions in the bill, which the Government to give Canadian nationality some official standing outside the Dominion, but within the Dominion no one ever born, married, or died as a Canadian. They are listed as English, Scotch, Irish, Dutch, German, Russian, or what not, but there is no recognition of the term "Canadian." Dr. Bisset's motion asks the Government to give official standing to Canadian nationality for use in all documents and papers, and also to give official recognition to a Canadian race to be subscribed to the principle that persons of white stock born in Canada for three or more generations, shall be entitled to classify themselves as of the Canadian race.

The first matter, having to do with nationality, should be comparatively easy of settlement. The term "Canadian nationality" in relation to persons born here or persons who have acquired naturalization, should be the same for all, whether they be of the same foreign race as at home or abroad. No other country is so poor in Canada to ask its citizens to be known by other names than that of the country in which they have given birth, or to which they have given allegiance. It is to be hoped the Government at Ottawa will take whatever steps are necessary to give full effect to the purpose of Dr. Bisset's motion to recognize Canadian nationality. Manitoba Free Press.

Demand For British

Manitoba Farmers Anxious To Secure Services Of Youths From Great Britain

So many applications have been received from farmers in Manitoba to engage the services of youths who are being sent out from Great Britain under the Boy Immigration scheme, that the Provincial Government has requested the authorities to increase the number from 50 to 100. John Albert Prefontaine, Minister of Agriculture, stated that 15 farmers have already applications for boys. He expected that the first batch of youthful immigrants will reach Manitoba this month.

Western Canada Hog Industry

West Will Mark In Hog Production

West Canada will soon pass the 50 per cent. mark in hog production in the Dominion. It was predicted at the annual convention of the Western Canada Livestock Union. Steadily the percentage of stock bacon hogs has been increasing and since 1920 the Dominion has been in effect the four Western Provinces have practically doubled the output of this class of hog. In 1920 there were 1,976,185 swine in Western Canada as against 865,007 in 1920.

Had His Compensations

It was a very dark night. Murky clouds obscured the moon in such a way as to make driving dangerous in the uncertain light.

A motor car was approaching the level crossing, travelling rapidly round the corner that led to the closed gates. At the precise moment an express train dived over the crossing.

Too late, the driver of the car saw his danger. He tried to reverse, but a skid was the only result. With a loud crash he struck the last coach, and the car crumpled up on the track.

"Oh, now you are too kind," protested the nurse, with a smile. "An acute nurse you do things as worthy as I."

"Not me, miss," replied the old lady modestly. "I can kill a duck or foot with the best, but I don't but when it comes to human beings my 'ears take care.'"

Is Your Stomach Troubling You?

Hamilton, Ont.—Dr. F. C. Allen's Golden Medical Discovery is a remedy for stomach and liver trouble that I can highly recommend. Before I took it I would have spent dollars through my system.

"My complexion is much brighter," says Mrs. Caroline Nelson, 74 St. George St., S. S. "People in every walk of life today say Dr. F. C. Allen's Golden Medical Discovery has restored them to health and made them able to do their work."

Concrete continues to shrink for several years after setting in air.

Minard's Lintament—Invaluable in the Stable.

Children's Coughs

Best Treated Externally

That's why modern mothers prefer Vicks—It cannot upset delicate stomachs. It soothes the throat and chest, it acts two ways at once:

(1) By heating vapors, released by the body heat, are inhaled direct to the air passages; (2) It "draws out" the mucus like an old-fashioned poultice.

DIET 17 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

A Super-Loud Speaker

Tested Under Favorable Conditions

A super-loud speaker which can turn the sound from a crystal set into a volume louder than that of the Albert Hall organ, has been brought to this country from the continent.

It is claimed to be the loudest loud speaker in the world.

Tested under favorable conditions on the Lido it was heard five miles away. Built on the electro-dynamic principle and driven by a 2500 volt generator, this loud-speaker has 122 in. diaphragm, which floats on a muslin rubber pad; it is said to have 200 in. volume over anything else in Britain; amplifies speech, music, gramophone or radio; can address a plain without distortion a crowd of 100,000.

A gramophone record was connected to the giant speaker recently and an engineer in the basement was instructed to increase the volume of sound.

"Shutting our ears with cotton wool," says a listener, "we stood at the top of some stairs and listened to an organ record."

Apart from the amazing compass and selectivity of the amplifier, the volume was so terrific that the walls of the building and the windows could be felt rocking. The windows of the office door facing it swayed to the note."

Putting Rural Credits Scheme Into Effect

Will Probably Be Working Within Next Two Months

The rural credits scheme sanctioned by Parliament, session before last, will be put into effect, probably within the next two months.

This is an act whose operation was contingent upon provision being made for the plan on a 50-50 basis. So far Nova Scotia, Manitoba, Alberta, and British Columbia have expressed in legislation, adherence to the scheme. Saskatchewan has a plan of its own.

The Dominion act provides for a commission and staff consisting of five local provincial boards to supervise loans. Fifteen millions was appropriated by Parliament for the purchase of which is designed to supplement existing credit facilities and provide for bridging what has been termed the "tarned area" of credit between the short term loans of the banks and the long term mortgages of mortgage corporations.

Not Just What She Wanted

A portly country woman was paying a Christmas visit to her daughter in London. She sat down in the train beside a hospital nurse and began to chat.

"Ah," she said, cycling the nurse's uniform admirably. "I don't know how you'd do without the like of you."

"Oh, now you are too kind," protested the nurse, with a smile. "An acute nurse you do things as worthy as I."

"Not me, miss," replied the old lady modestly. "I can kill a duck or foot with the best, but I don't but when it comes to human beings my 'ears take care.'"

Alberta Sheep For Aleutian Islands

A shipment of sheep from Alberta to the Aleutian Islands, off the Alaskan coast, is being made by J. Nolte, a farmer of the Stettler District. This shipment will consist of 5,000 sheep, two rams, and is going forward from Stettler to Seattle and then on. This is the first shipment of Alberta sheep to the Aleutians.

New Market For Sheep

A shipment of sheep from Alberta to the Aleutian Islands, off the Alaskan coast, is being made by J. Nolte, a farmer of the Stettler District. This shipment will consist of 5,000 sheep, two rams, and is going forward from Stettler to Seattle and then on. This is the first shipment of Alberta sheep to the Aleutians.

Alberta Sugar Beets General opinion is that the beet acreage in Southern Alberta will be increased in 1928 by one-third over the 1927 figure. 5,000 acres in place of 1,620 acres last year. Acreage is already being signed up.

The higher a man raises the more he has to depend on other men.

Minard's Lintament kills warts.

PUBLICITY AND PROGRESS

The Motive Power That Keeps Business Going

Addressing a Toronto service club the other day a prominent Canadian artist, Mr. E. Wylly Grier, laid emphasis on the idea of publicity as the basis of all good advertising. One does not need to look far through the columns of any magazine today to be convinced that this is true. In the modern business world advertising has become an art, and advertisement men themselves have evolved from crude announcements to works of art in many cases. It is a mere truism to say that it pays to advertise. Publicity is the motive power that keeps business going. Indeed it might almost be said it keeps the world going. Every country today is awakening to the value of good advertising as a factor in its life. A few days ago the Prime Minister of British Columbia asked for \$65,000 for Provincial publicity, and the appropriation will likely be made. Ontario has spent considerable sums of money in past years advertising the charms of the Province through different departments. Advertising of this nature is the best of all publicity. It

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests of
Empress and District
subscription price \$2.00 per year
to any part of Canada or
Great Britain

\$2.50 to the United States
R. S. Service
Proprietors

Thursday, April 19, 1928

School re-opened on Tuesday.
Charlie Herman, arrived from
B.C. on Friday

Miss Betty Duff, left for
Idolssing, on Saturday, and is
teaching school there for a
week.

Miss Hazel Northcott is teaching
school at Social Plains, this
week.

Johnny Westberg, has moved
his blacksmith shop to a location
on first street, west.

Mrs. G. M. Miller, and child
ren made a trip to Swift Current,
last week.

C. Menzies, of Regina, has
been the guest of Mr. and Mrs.
G. M. Miller.

The discovery of a type of
wheat that has drought resist-
ing qualities has made it pos-
sible to open up large sections
of Western Australia to ad-
vantage, Premier Bruce de-
clares.

For Sale

Pure-bred Rhode Island Red Hatching
Eggs, from Special Pen Eggs Laying
Strain. \$1.00 setting of 15.—Milton
Loach, Empress, Alta.

• Estray

On the premises of Robt. Arthur,
Sec. 25-26-24, w. 4, One Brown Mare,
two white stockings hind feet, white
spot on face, age about 8 years. Weight
about 1100 lbs. no visible brand.

For Sale

100 bushels of Good Seed Potatoes at
90¢ a bushel.—Apply, H. Demoree,
Bindloos, Alta.

For Sale

Three good size Hogs, due to farrow,
May 15, \$35 each.—Apply, H. Demoree,
Bindloos, Alta.

Estray

On the premises of G. G. Savile, N. W.
1/4 of Sec. 4-21-2 w. 4, small Black Heifer,
about 3 years old, half ears and tail
frozen off, no visible brand. Also small
black calf belonging to Isler, no visible
brand.

Stallions and Seed Oats

For Sale

Our Pure Bred Sable Stallion and 2
Grade Stallions, from 3 to 8 years old
All good individuals.
A quantity of third generation Banner
Seed Oats. Good quality at 75 cents
per bushel.
—Hillman & Snell, Haven, Alta.

MEDICAL

Dr. A. K. McNeill
(Dr. D. N. MacCharles)
Physician and
Surgeon
Phone 41

Office - - - Centre Street

Coal, Wood, Contract Work or

GENERAL

DRAYING

or Heavy Work
er to and from C.P.R.
Depot

Imperial Oil Agent

C. H. FOUNTAIN
Prompt attention given
to all work
Phone No. 9

DOMINION CAFE

FIRST-CLASS MEALS
Good Rooms
Always a Full Stock Carried
Candies, Cigars, Cigarettes
ICE CREAM & SUNDAY
Dance and after-theatre lunches
A Place of City Style.

DENTIST

DR. DOWLER

Wednesdays, Thursdays and
Fridays

Offices: Royal Bank Building
(Opposite Hotel)

AT LEADER:

Saturdays, Mondays and Tuesdays

Harold Boyd returned to
Saskatoon on Monday.

W. Stothers returned on
Monday, from Medicine Hat
where he has been spending a
vacation.

Bob Simmons has just returned
from holidays spent at
Whitewood, Sask. He reports
that there was about a foot of
snow on the ground in that
district when he left.

We are showing "The Fire
Brigade" which is a special pic-
ture at our regular prices.

Ritchie and Jack Hendry are
now operating the Bindloos
Garage

Miss A. G. Rowles, who has
been holidaying at Victoria
and other points, arrived home
on Friday.

Continuance of winter-like
conditions with additional
snowfall has made farming op-
erations impossible up to the
present time.

It is reported that many who
intended taking in the show
and dance on Tuesday, did not
make the trip in on account of
roads and weather conditions.

Remember the Printer. How
about your subscription? See us
for Clubbing Offers with news
papers and magazines

R. M. Mantario-cont.

East of N 1/2-27-20 w. 3 for the
year 1927.

Hawtin.—That A. Ellis be
paid compensation for right of
way on N. of N. E. 15-26-20 w. 3 to
the amount of \$58; payment to
be made on receipt of title by
the Municipality.

Walker.—That the Sect.

Treas. be returning officer, and
that nomination meeting be
held at Eyre P.O. on Friday,
April 20, from 1 to 2 o'clock in
the afternoon, to complete the
term of J. J. Edwards (resign-
ed) for Div. V.

Walker.—That six units of J.
Adams and B. R. Harnett, in
connection with seizures be
paid, 21.00

Hawtin.—That the estimates
of Craigbude and Glen Almond
S.D. be passed.

Batty.—That the application
of P. P. Winter for lease of
road 21-27-28 w. 3 be granted,
rental of \$1 per annum to be
charged for same.

Hawtin.—That auditor's re-
port be accepted and filed, and
recommendations of same be
carried out.

Batty.—That penalties on ar-
rears \$6, due by W. E. A. Leach
be cancelled, as the amount
was due him from the Munic.

palty at the time and was in-
advertently omitted from the
time sheet.

Hawtin.—That Cr. Dahl be
Deputy Reeve for the months
of April, May and June.

Batty.—That application for
a line of credit for \$4000 gen-
eral account and \$6000 on school
account be made to the
Royal Bank, interest not to ex-
ceed 7 p. c. per annum.

Montgomery.—That Council
meetings be held the first Sat-
urday in the month at 10 a.m.
That the next meeting be held
at the Orange Hall, Outburt,
the June meeting at Mayfield
Hall, the July meeting (Court
of Revision) at Orange Hall,
and the August meeting at the
school at Mantario.

The Council adjourned at
10.30 p.m. to meet on Saturday,
5th, at 10 a.m. at Orange Hall.
C. Evans Sargent,
Sec. Treas.

Since 1919, 8,415 miles of roads
have been built in different

parts of Canada under the
Canada Highways Act, which
provides for substantial grants
being made to the provinces
by the Canadian Federal gov-
ernment. The latest compila-
tion shows a total road mileage
of 46,824 maintained by a
patrol or gang system at an
annual expense of \$15,078,000.

INSURANCE

See R. J. NICKEL
for Life, Accident
and Sickness Policies.

Also Fire Insurance for Cars
eto



CHECK over the features that influence you in the
consideration of a car: beauty, performance, comfort,
smoothness, safety, handling-ease, dependability, economy!
The New Series Pontiac Six has them all, in a measure far
beyond your expectations.

Here are the reasons—

Powerful, six-cylinder engine, with new GMR cylinder head
that gives high-compression results with any type of fuel;

Rig, smooth-acting four-wheel brake! Lowboy Shock Absorbers
that cushion every jolt and jar; strikingly beautiful Fisher bodies
with luxurious upholstery and appointments; exquisite color har-
monies, inside and out;

Soundness and dependability, proved on the General Motors
Proving Ground.

In fact, the New Series Pontiac Six has more of everything you
want . . . at prices so low as to be amazing.

Ask your dealer about the G.M.A.C. Deferred
Payment Plan which makes buying easy.

LOVEJOY
SHOCK
ABSORBERS

NEW FISH-
ER BODIES
NEW GMR
CYLINDER HEAD
NEW FUEL PUMP
NEW CHAINCASE
VENTILATION
NEW CARBURETOR
NEW STOPLIGHT

FOUR-
WHEEL
BRAKES

NEW CROSS-
FLOW RADIATOR
NEW THERMOSTAT
NEW INSTRUMENT
PANEL
NEW COUNCIL
DENTAL LOCK
NEW DASH
GASOLINE GAUGE

The New Series
PONTIAC SIX

General Motors of Canada
LIMITED

PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA, LIMITED

DON. MacRAE GROCERY

Prints, Printed Materials, Ging-
ham, Rayon, Sateen and Chambray
ALL NEW STOCK and the LATEST PATTERNS

Grocery Special, one week only

Bulk Dates, lb. - - - 10c
Royal Crown White Naptha Soap 1.00
23 bars for
GROUP GROCERY SPECIAL ON DISPLAY

Brodie's Store News

MILLINERY AND
DRESSES

On Saturday, April 28th

A Large Range of

LADIES' and MISSES HATS

in all the Latest Styles for Spring, also Smart Models
of Silk and Georgette Dresses will be on display.

This will give every lady the
opportunity to choose with
best satisfaction to herself.

W. R. BRODIE

Reduce the Fire
Fiend's Yearly Harvest

NOT FIRE—but the CARELESS-
NESS which fails to quench
it when its useful purpose has
been served, is the ENEMY to
mankind. He who by neglect causes
fire in the forest may well expect the
same treatment as would be accorded
to one who tosses a match into a neigh-
bor's haystack.

Told by Authority of
Charles Stewart
Minister of the Interior

STAMP OUT CARELESSNESS

BIG SPECIAL!
CHAS. RAY & MAY McAVOY
IN
THE FIRE BRIGADE

Here at Last—The Greatest of All Fire Pictures.

A THOUSAND GASPS

The True Epic of the Unsung Heroes of Peace

THE MOST THRILLING OF FIRE SPECTACLES—DON'T MISS IT!

COMEDY

Admission, 50¢; School Children and Students, 25¢ Show commences at 8 p.m.